SUSTAINABLE LANDSCAPE DEMONSTRATION GARDEN

Dr. Ellen Vincent

Clemson
University
Horticulture
Dept.

SCHI Annual Conference Myrtle Beach, SC Feb 5, 2014

PURPOSE

- Create an urban sustainable garden model to promote environmental and human health and well-being.
 - Should be replicable.
 http://www.clemson.edu/cafls/demo/index.html



- Should be measurable.
 - Perception surveys of passersby
 - Soil sampling and analysis
 - Plant health rating sheets

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

1) Environmental educational displays are needed in the busiest, hectic urban environments in order to reach and influence greater numbers and diverse people (Hester, 2006)





Pre-installation spaces on college campus 1,400 sf (left) 1,800 sf (right)

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

2) The display should be aesthetically pleasing as well as educational so as to generate sales and production of these less common, but environmentally beneficial plants (Nassauer, 1997)









Designs: Reburn (2011); Lombardo-Fraser (2011); White (2012); Kelly (2012)

Nassauer, J. (1997) Cultural sustainability: Aligning aesthetics and ecology. In *Placing nature: Culture and landscape ecology*. Washington, D.C.: Island Press.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

3) The experimental nature of the garden should include a participatory role for passersby to share their opinion and judgment of the display. Participation is engaged learning and often results in greater knowledge retention and continued involvement (Hester, 2006).



Hester, R. (2006) Design for ecological democracy. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.

PROCESS

- Conduct a competitive design process using native plant selections to provide eco-system services, e.g. habitat and food source for native insects and animals (Tallamy, 2011).
- Install and maintain garden using low-maintenance techniques.
- Study environmental health and human perceptions.



6" leaf mold compost tilled to a depth of 8"



Photo by E. Vincent

Girdling roots loosened prior to planting

PROCESS

- Provide on-site and Web educational materials.
- Student workers serve as educational ambassadors.





PRE-INSTALLATION





Pre-installation spaces on college campus 1,400 sf (left) 1,800 sf (right)

Hester, R. (2006) Design for ecological democracy. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.

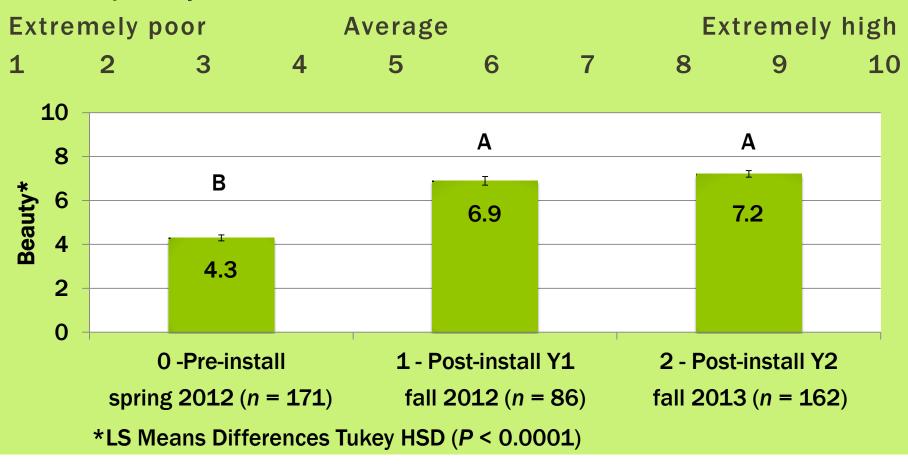
POST-INSTALLATION



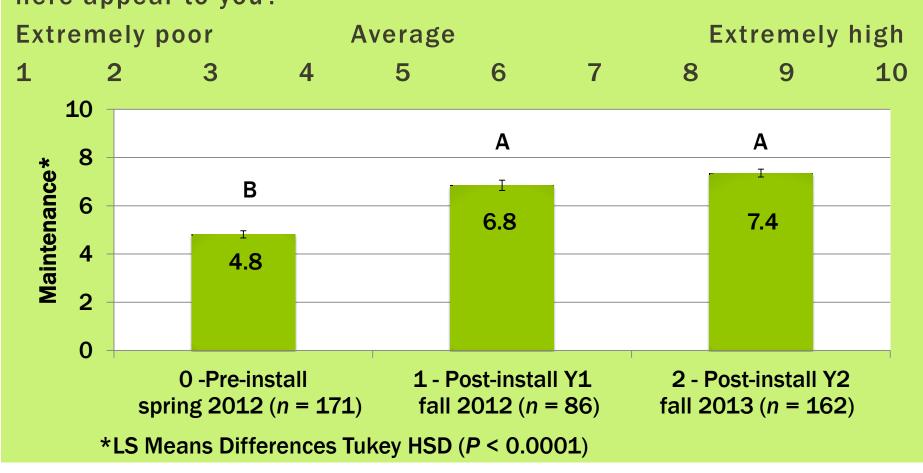
Post-installation spaces on college campus 1,400 sf (left) 1,800 sf (right)

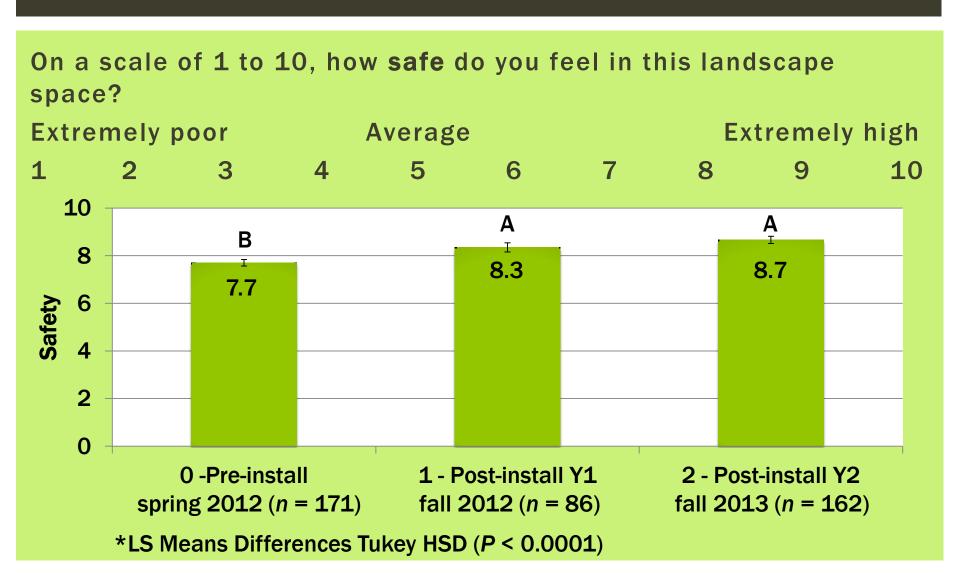
Hester, R. (2006) Design for ecological democracy. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.

On a scale of 1 to 10, how aesthetically pleasing (beautiful) is the landscape to you?

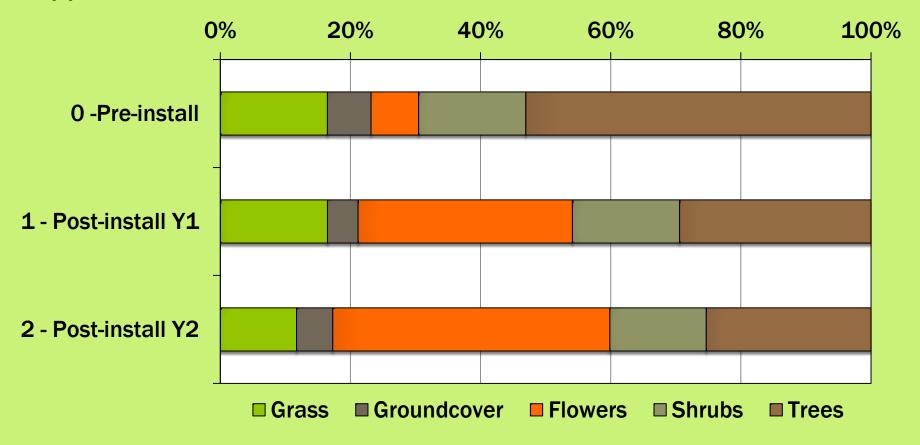


On a scale of 1 to 10, how well maintained does the landscape here appear to you?

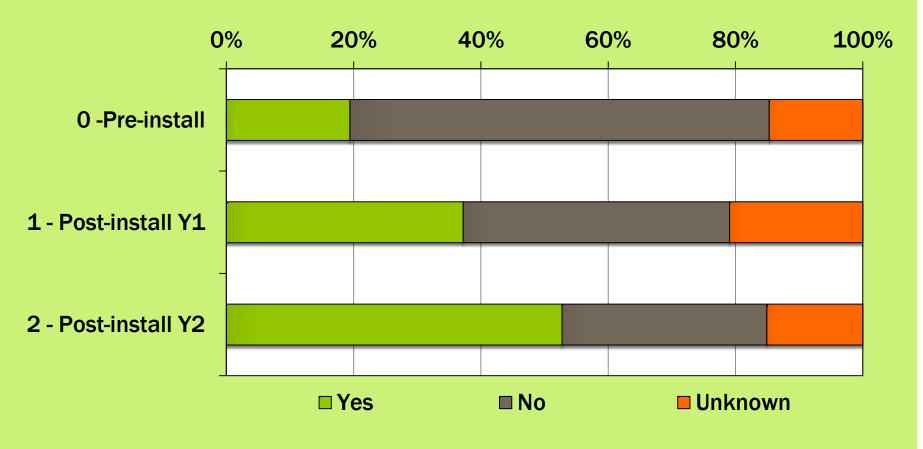




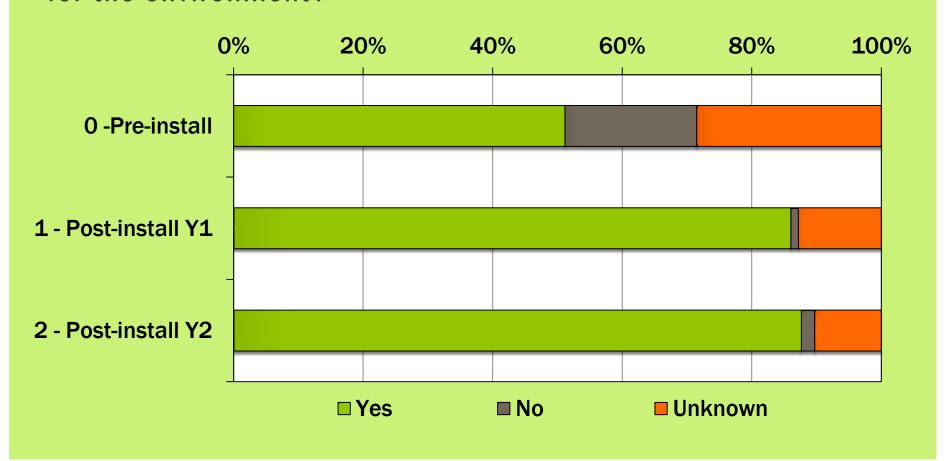
What type of plant here in this landscape do you most value or appreciate?



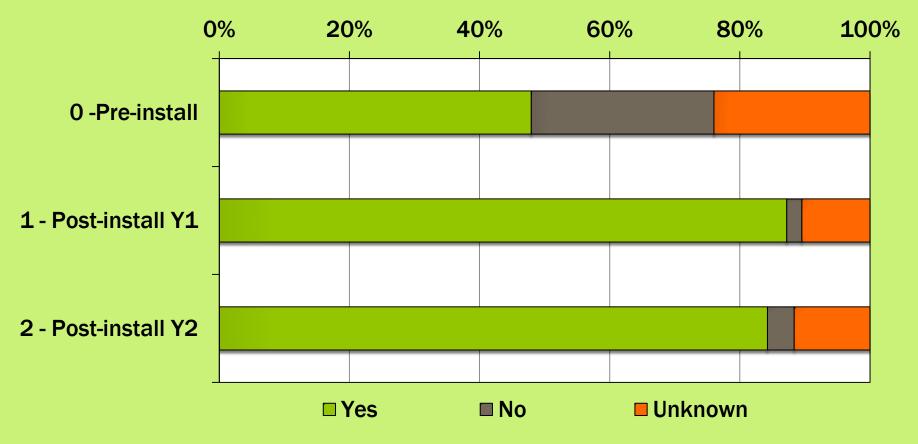
Does this landscape or the gardens right here teach you anything about soil, plants, or water?



Do you think this landscape or the gardens right here are good for the environment?



Do you think this landscape or the gardens right here are good for human health and well-being?



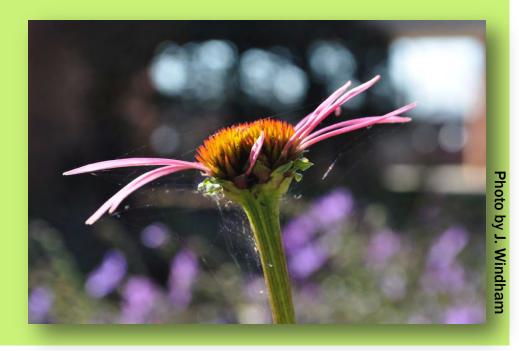
POST INSTALLATION SUMMER 2013



June 2013

INITIAL RESULTS-PERCEPTION SURVEYS

- Positive changes in perception of aesthetics and the quality of maintenance encouraging, considering that perennial plants generally require two complete growing seasons to reach peak performance and the post-installation survey was conducted after only one growing season.
- 38% increase in aesthetic perception
- 30% increase in landscape maintenance perception



PRE & POST SOIL SAMPLE DATA

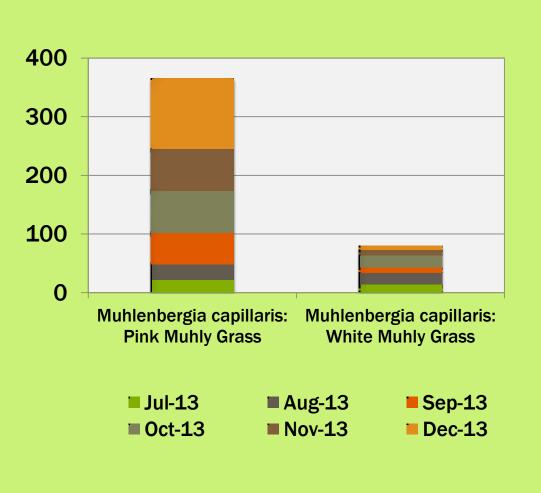
- Minimal change between pre & post soil sample data for
 - minerals
 - organic matter
 - CEC suggest
- Depletion of most minerals did not occur while plants establishing











Symphyotrichum patens

Late purple aster (65)



Dwarf fothergilla (68)



Photos by Sarah White

orida orida de la contida de l

Helianthus angustifolius
Narrow-leaf Sunflower (51)

Flowering Dogwood (51)





Photos by Sarah White



MUHLENBERGIA CAPILLARIS

Latin name: Muhlenbergia capillaris

Common name: Pink Muhly Grass

Flowers: Showy¹² light purple late summer

into autumn

Fruit: Not noticeable Height & Width: 3' x 3'12

Type: Perennial ornamental grass¹²

Habit: Upright grass¹²

Wetland indicator category**: FACU¹⁷

Texture: Fine textured basal foliage¹²

Growth rate: Medium¹²

Light: Sun to light shade¹²

Moisture: Very drought tolerant¹²

Soil: Well drained soil does well in hot dry

sandy sites¹

Zones: 6-9¹²

Origin: Western-central United States¹²



Ecosystem benefits:

Aesthetically pleasing foliage &flowers

Low maintenance

Deer Resistant: High

Photo by Walker Massey

MUHLENBERGIA CAPILLARIS 'WHITE CLOUD'

http://myfolia.com/retailers/854-park-seed/catalogue_items/73797-muhly-grass-white-cloud

Latin name: Muhlenbergia capillaris

'White Cloud'

Common name: White Muhly Grass

Flowers: Showy¹²

Fruit: Not noticeable 12

Height & Width: 3' x 3'12

Type: Perennial ornamental grass¹²

Habit: Upright grass ¹²

Wetland indicator category**: FACU¹⁷

Texture: Fine textured basal foliage¹²

Growth rate: Medium¹²

Light: Sun to light shade¹²

Moisture: Very drought tolerant¹²

Soil: Well drained soil does well in hot dry sandy

sites¹²

Zones: 6-9¹²

Origin: Western-central United States¹²



Ecosystem benefits: Aesthetically pleasing foliage &flowers

Low maintenance

Deer Resistant: High

CAREX FLACCOSPERMA

Latin name: Carex flaccosperma

Common name: Blue Wood Sedge

Flowers: Non showy flowers⁹

Fruit: Insignificant⁹

Height & Width: 1' x 1'9

Type: Sedge 9

Wetland indicator category**: FAC+(2)

Habit: Upright clumps⁹

Texture: Medium¹⁶ **Growth rate: Slow¹⁶** Light: Part shade¹⁶

Moisture: Medium to wet ¹⁶

Soil: Fine or medium¹⁶

Zones: 5 to 89 Origin: Southeast9



Ecosystem benefits: Shade tolerant Wetland tolerant

Low maintenance

Deer Resistant: High



Photo by Walker Massey

SYMPHYOTRICHUM PATENS

Latin name: Symphyotrichum patens

Common name: Late Purple Aster

Flowers: Thin rayed purple ¹⁷

Fruit: Not noticeable 17

Height & Width: 3' x 3' 17

Type: Perennial¹⁷ **Habit:** Forb/herb ¹⁷

Wetland indicator category**: N/A

Texture: Coarse¹⁷

Growth rate: Moderate ¹⁷

Light: Full sun ¹⁷

Moisture: Medium¹⁷

Soil: Coarse to medium soils ¹⁷

Zones: 7 to 8¹⁷

Origin: Southwest to eastern United

States¹⁷



Ecosystem benefits:
Drought tolerant
Low maintenance
Attracts butterflies

HELIANTHUS ANGUSTIFOLIUS

http://www.wildflower.org/image_archive/640x480/PCD2414/PCD2414_IMG0016.JPG

Latin name: Helianthus angustifolius

Common name: Swamp sunflower

Flowers: Prolific 2-3" flowers in fall with

narrow yellow petals surrounding

a brown or purple disc³

Fruit: Inconspicuous¹⁶

Height & Width: 5-7' x 4'3

Type: Perennial¹⁰

Habit: Upright¹⁵; Flowering herb¹⁶

Wetland indicator category**: FAC, FACW¹⁷

Texture: Medium¹⁶

Growth rate: Moderate¹⁶

Light: Full sun to part shade²

Moisture: Medium to wet¹⁰

Soil*: pH preference 4-7¹⁶; tolerates Sandy, Sandy Loam, Medium Loam, Clay Loam,

Clay, Acid-based soils¹⁰

Zones: 5-9³

Origin: Eastern North America¹⁶





tcubacenter.org/images/plant-finder/Helianthu

ASCLEPIAS TUBEROSA



http://www.bing.com/images/search?q=asclepias+tuberosa&FORM=HDRSC2#view=detail&id=27 D409B3CECC4FEEF3D5C2590BA8B536503346AB&selectedIndex=37

Latin name: Asclepias tuberosa

Common name: Butterfly Weed

Flowers: Vibrant orange umbels that produce colored

follicles if left³

Fruit or cones: Ornamental follicles

Height & Width: 1'x1.5'3

Type: Herbaceous¹⁶

Wetland indicator category**: Not available ¹⁷

Texture: Coarse¹⁶

Growth rate: Initially slow, medium when

established3

Light: Full sun³ **Moisture:** Low¹⁶

Soil*: Course to medium soils16

Zones: 4-93

Origin: Eastern North America¹⁶



Ecosystem Benefits¹⁰

Attracts: Hummingbirds, Butterflies

Larval Host: Grey Hairstreak, Monarch,

Queens

Nectar Source: yes

Deer Resistant: High

http://www.wildflower.org/mobile/plants/result.php?id_plant=astu

asclepias-tuberosa.aspx

EUPATORIUM MACULATUM

Latin name: Eupatorium maculatum

Common name: Spotted Joe-Pye

Weed

Flowers: Flat-topped clusters in late

summer with 9-15 flowers^{3,13}

Fruit: Inconspicuous¹⁰

Height & Width: 5-7' x 4'3

Type: Herbaceous perennial¹⁰

Habit: Upright¹⁰

Wetland indicator category**:

FACW¹⁷

Texture: Medium¹⁸

Growth rate: Medium¹⁸

Light: Sun to part shade¹⁰

Moisture: Wet to moist^{10,13}

Soil*: Loamy and calcareous

soils 10,13

Zones: 4 - 8³

Origin: Eastern North America¹⁶

Ecosystem Benefits:

Use Wildlife: Not a preferred food source for herbivores, but may be eaten

occasionally by deer, rabbits

and livestock.

Conspicuous Flowers: yes

Fragrant Flowers: yes

Interesting Foliage: yes

Attracts: Butterflies

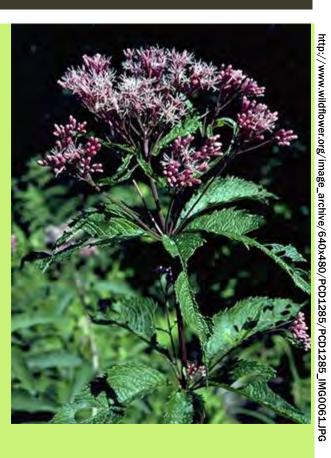
Larval Host: The caterpillars of some moth species feed

on various parts.

Nectar Source: yes

Special value to native bees

http://www.wildflower.org/plants/result.php?id_plant=EUMA12



ECHINACEA PURPUREA 'KIM'S KNEE HIGH'

Latin name: Echinacea purpurea 'Kim's

Knee-High'

Common name: Purple coneflower

Flowers: Purple-pinkish petals surround a

raised

brown/bronze-colored center disk^{2,12}

Fruit: Inconspicuous³ Height & Width: 2' x 2'3

Type: Herbaceous perennial^{4,10}

Habit: Upright^{3,12}

Wetland indicator category**: Not

available¹⁷

Texture: Coarse⁴

Growth rate: Medium⁴

Light: Full sun to part shade **Moisture:** Dry to medium¹⁰

Soil*: Tolerates clay, sandy to rich soils bees

Zones: 3 - 8²

Origin: Midwestern to Eastern United States.

including South Carolina¹⁶

Ecosystem Benefits:

Use Wildlife: Echinacea

spp. attract butterflies

and hummingbirds.

Use: Medicinal

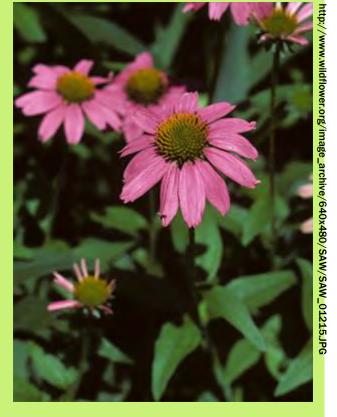
Conspicuous Flowers:

yes

Nectar Source: yes

Deer Resistant: No

Special value to native



http://www.wildflower.org/plants/result.php?id_plant=ECPU

http://plants.usda.gov/java/largelmage?imageID=ecla_004_ahp.tif

ECHINACEA LAEVIGATA

Latin name: Echinacea laevigata

Common name: Smooth Purple Coneflower

Flowers: Purple to pink, showy and delicate

drooping purple rays. Blooms June to

August¹²

Fruit: Not significant 13

Height & Width: 2-5' x 1.5-2'12

Type: Herbaceous perennial 12

Habit: Upright, cascading, mound¹⁶

Wetland indicator category**: No Wetland

indicator was available for this plant.

Texture: Fine¹⁶

Growth rate: Moderate¹²

Light: Full sun to part shade¹² **Moisture:** Dry to medium¹²

Soil: Tolerates clay soil, dry soil, shallow and

rocky soil¹² **Zones**: 3-8¹²

Origin: Southeastern United States¹⁶
Note: This plant is on the United States
threatened and endangered species list¹⁶





RUDBECKIA FULGIDA 'GOLDSTURM'

Latin name: Rudbeckia fulgida var. sullivantii

'Goldsturm'

Common name: Goldsturm Black-eyed Susan

Flowers: Yellow rays with black center disk12

Fruit: Inconspicuous¹⁰

Height & Width: 2-3' x 1-2'12

Type: Herbaceous perennial¹²

Habit: Upright, clump forming¹²

Wetland indicator category**: FAC¹⁷

Texture: Coarse¹⁰

Growth rate: Medium²

Light: Full sun²

Moisture: Medium to dry¹²

Soil*: Tolerates a wide variety of soils¹²

Zones: 3-9¹²

Origin: Eastern North America, including South

Carolina¹⁶



Ecosystem Benefits:

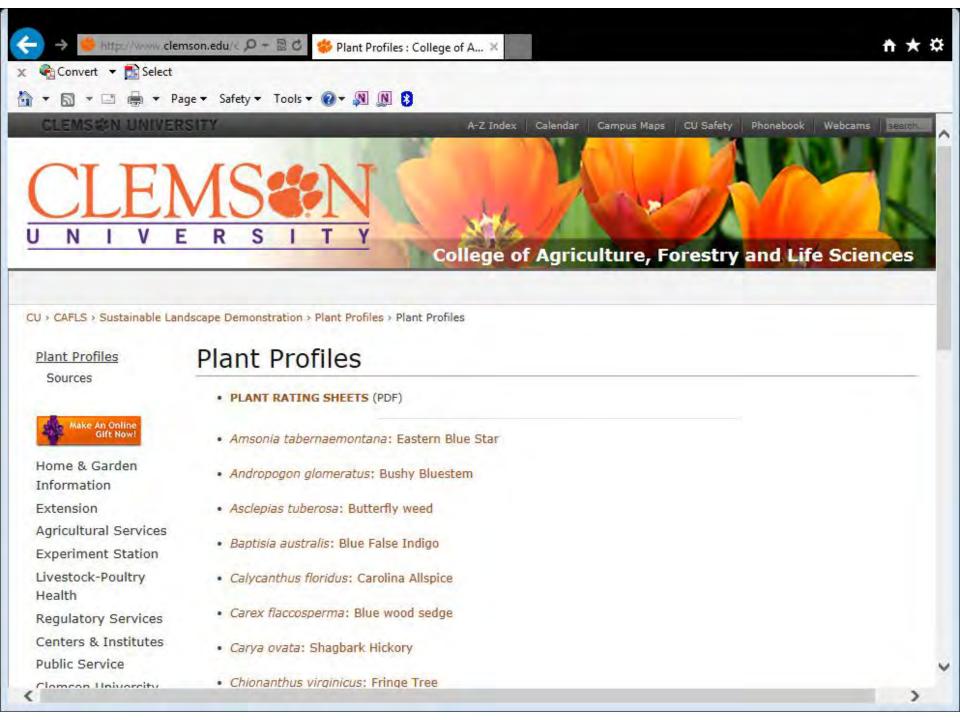
Attracts: Birds

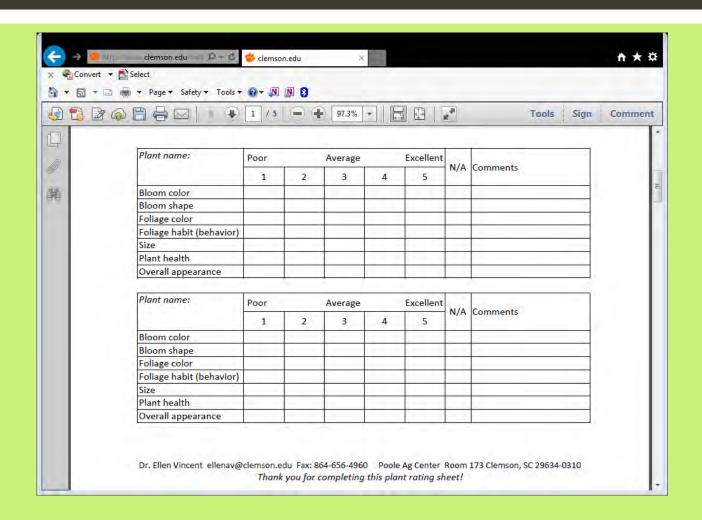
Special value to native bees

NEXT STEPS-PLANT RATINGS SHEETS

- Commercial ratings of individual plants
- Please visit the Sustainable Garden and rate the plants
- Ratings sheets available on line at all times
- Clemson Web; Sustainable Landscape Demonstration; Plants; Plant Ratings Sheets
- http://www.clemson.edu/cafls/demo/images/plant_ratings_s heet.pdf









Ellen Vincent, Ph.D.
Environmental Landscape
Specialist
Horticulture/SAFES
173 Poole Agriculture Center
Box 340310
Clemson, SC 29634-0310

864.656.1342 office 803.243.8888 cell 864.656.4960 FAX ellenav@clemson.edu



Sarah A. White, Ph.D.
Nursery Extension Specialist
Horticulture/SAFES
166 Poole Agriculture Center
Box 340310
Clemson, SC 29634-0310

864.656.7433 office 864.207.1632 cell 864.656.4960 FAX swhite4@clemson.edu



Dara M. Park, Ph.D.
Soil & Water Extension
Specialist
Horticulture/SAFES
273 Poole Agriculture Center
Box 340310
Clemson, SC 29634-0310

843.319.4957 864.656.4960 FAX dpark@clemson.edu