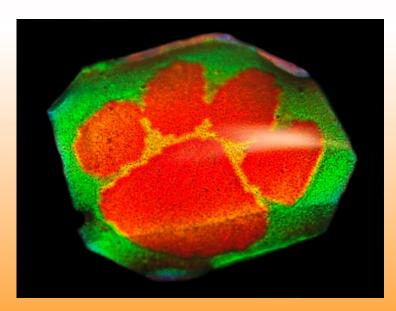
Available for Licensing: Clemson University Optical Technologies







High Purity Crystalline Semiconductor Core Optical Fibers

CURF Ref. 2011-061

Inventor: John Ballato

Description:

This technology features **crystalline semiconductor optical fibers** fabricated using an in-situ scavenger for oxide precipitates to **reduce oxygen/oxide impurities** which can contribute to higher transmission losses.

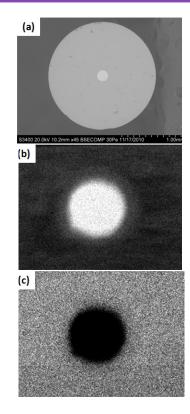
Applications:

- Fiber lasers for defense and security applications
- Fiber lasers for biomedical applications

Benefits:

- Reduced oxygen/oxide impurities
- Enhanced transparency
- Minimal light scattering out of core
- Process compatible with conventional perform and fiber draw processes

Status: A patent application has been filed and is available for licensing



Reactive molten core fabrication of Silicon Optical Fiber, Optical Materials Express, 1 October 2011, Vol.1, No.6





On-chip Broad-area Semiconductor Lasers for High Power, High Brightness Applications

CURF Ref. 2010-043 Inventor: Lin Zhu

Description:

Features **high power**, **high brightness broad area semiconductor lasers** with diffraction-limited beam quality without any external optical components or differential phase feedback mechanisms through use of an **angled grating confined broad area laser**

Applications:

- Free space communication and remote sensing
- Laser radar arrays
- Laser weapons
- Pumping sources for high energy laser systems

coupling region output active region

Benefits:

- Converts an array of incoherent broad area lasers with poor beam quality to a single high power, high brightness super laser
- No external optical components or feedback
- Obtain >100W diffraction-limited optical power directly with enhanced efficiency

Status: A patent application has been filed and this technology is available for licensing





Method of Designer Doping of Optical Fibers

CURF Ref. 2011-061

Inventor: John Ballato

Description:

This technology features optical devices with optically active ions doped into a carrier matrix in a heterogeneous fashion so as to provide the desired dopants spatially localized within the matrix. This targets the need for methods and materials that can provide heterogeneous optical materials with optically active dopants provided in high concentration in localized areas within a larger bulk carrier environment.

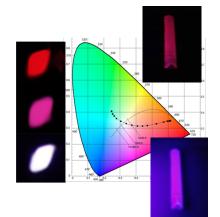
Applications:

- Broad-band fiber amplifiers for telecommunications
- White light fibers for spectroscopy and analytical chemistry
- Tm doped fiber lasers (defense and security applications)
- IR fiber lasers (biomedical applications)

Benefits:

- Spatially localized dopants allow for tailored emissions
- Multiple dopants can be contained locally allowing for energy transfer
- Allows for high local dopant concentration while maintaining low global concentration
- Process by conventional techniques such as vapor deposition

Status: A patent application has been filed and this technology is available for licensing







All Solid Large Core Photonic Bandgap Fibers for Use in Optical Fiber Lasers

CURF Ref. 2011-094 Inventor: Liang Dong

Description:

This technology features an **all solid photonic bandgap fiber design** which provides unique guidance properties. These breakthrough designs for increasing mode areas **mitigate nonlinear effects** in optical fibers.

Applications:

- Manufacturing fiber lasers
- Medical fiber lasers
- Defense and security fiber lasers

Benefits:

- Improved power scaling of high power lasers
- Allows for usage of large core diameter

Status: A patent application has been filed and this technology is available for licensing





Solution-based Synthesis of Chalcogenide Hybrid Films

CURF Ref. 2010-038 Inventor: Kathleen Richardson et al.

Description:

This invention features an improved solution based synthesis method for **hybrid chalcogenide/glass films**. Chalcogenide/polymer systems are formed through solution processing and features direct fabrication of glass/polymer optical structures in **a single step** using, e.g., micro-stamping techniques.

Applications:

- Evanescent wave bio-sensing
- Resonant optical sensors
- Interferometers
- Optoelectronics

Benefits:

- Same molecular structure as the parent bulk glass
- Tailored optical and mechanical properties
- Single-step process

Status: A patent application has been filed and this technology is available for licensing



Contact us for more information at:

contactcurf@clemson.edu



Microplasma Jet Devices for Biomedical Applications

CURF Ref. 2010-023

Inventor: Sung-O Kim et al.

Description:

This technology features **non-thermal atmospheric microplasma jet devices** for biomedical applications. These plasma devices can produce non-thermal atmospheric plasma jet which are **easy to manufacture**, **safe to use**, **and extremely stable**.

Applications:

- Single cancer cell-level micro-plasma endoscopic therapy
- Surface treatment of cells with plasma
- In vitro plasma applications research

Benefits:

- Excellent device flexibility
- Low power and low cost maintenance
- Target a cell or tissue within body with little or no trauma to a patient
- Treatments are high speed & direct with excellent stability

Status: A patent application has been filed and this technology is available for licensing





Streak Mode Doppler Fourier Domain Optical Coherence Tomography

CURF Ref. 2010-024 Inventor: Bruce Gao et al.

Description:

This technology provides an improved apparatus and methodologies for Fourier Domain Optical Coherence Tomography (FD-OCT) providing structural and velocity imaging simultaneously of the organ and blood flow measurement.

Applications:

- Simultaneously allows the morphology of organs and the measurement of blood flow velocity
- Used in various environments

Benefits:

- Significant decrease in the time interval required between scans
- OCT imaging speed is increased
- Flow velocity detection capability of the system is increased
- Essential real-time image feedback

Status: A patent application has been filed and this technology is available for licensing



Contact us for more information at: contactcurf@clemson.edu



Diffraction grating

Streak scanner

Focusing

Endoscopic OCT Based on an Imaging Fiber Bundle

CURF Ref. 08-024 Inventor: Bruce Gao et al.

Description:

This technology **enables the use of a flexible fiber optic bundle** in conjugatior with endoscopic imaging. This technology is related to Frequency Domain Optical Coherence Tomography (FD-OCT) using a flexible optical fiber bundle.

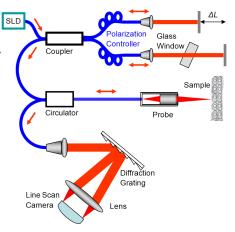
Applications:

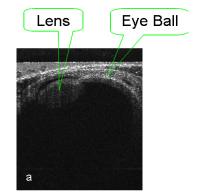
In-vivo biomedical imaging

Benefits:

- Immune to catheter bending
- Easily miniaturized with a probe diameter less than 1mm
- Can be used in environments where access to specimens or items to be imaged may be limited

Status: A patent application has been filed and is available for licensing









Conducting Polymer Ink and Electrochromic Devices

CURF Ref. 06-034 and 06-054

Inventor: Stephen Foulger et al.

Description:

This technology features **conducting inks and devices** comprised of a suspension of polymer particles that when printed on a substrate, a dopant is applied to the substrate, which changes the electrical state of the materials, **resulting in a color change or emission of light.**

Applications:

- Anti-static coatings
- Smart glass
- Photovoltaic applications
- EMI/RFI shielding applications
- Radio-frequency identification (RFID) tags
- Printed circuit boards
- Electrochemical devices

Benefits:

- Ecologically friendly and inexpensive
- The conducting polymer inks can be printed at high-speeds
- Can include multiple electroluminescent (EL) dyes and emit a wide variety of colors
- Can be printed on a variety of substrates

Status: One issued patent, 1 pending and is available for licensing



Contact us for more information at:

contactcurf@clemson.edu





Ceramic Scintillators for Radiation Detection

CURF Ref. 09-049 Inventor: Luiz Jacobsohn

Description:

This technology features **transparent scintillator materials** that can be used in radiation detection and measurement. These monolithic materials are formed from combinations of one or more types of core/shell nanoparticles. These materials and systems **can be beneficially utilized in any radiation detection** and measurement processes, systems and devices.

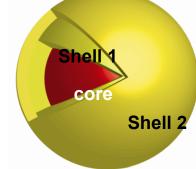
Applications:

- Medical imaging such as x-ray computed tomography and positron emission tomography
- Dosimetry
- X-ray radiography
- Radiation detector systems

Benefits:

- Improved scintillation efficiency
- Lower temperature and shorter production times than single-crystal growth
- Decreased production costs and increased yields
- Increased homogeneity over single-crystals

Status: A patent application has been filed and is available for licensing







Contact us for more information at:

contactcurf@clemson.edu



Robust Matrices for Encapsulation of Crystalline Colloidal Arrays (CCA) for Optical Applications

CURF Ref. 01-027 Inventor: Stephen Foulger et al.

Description:

This technology features **crystalline colloidal arrays** (CCA) which have been encapsulated in a polymer matrix to produce more robust polymerized crystalline colloidal arrays (PCCA). The PCCA's of the present invention can be in the form of a hydrogel which **can be compatible for use with a biological system**. The photonic bandgap can be capable of shifting upon some form of environmental stimulation rendering the PCCA suitable for many optical applications, including active photonic switching and sensory applications.

Applications:

- Photonic Switching
- Sensory applications

Benefits:

Hydrogels can be compatible for use with a biological system

Status: A patent has issued and is available for licensing



Contact us for more information at: contactcurf@clemson.edu

