Competitive v. Top-Down: The TV Band "White Space" Issue

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Current TV Band Proceeding

- Unlicensed use of "white space"
 - Devices approved by FCC for sharing spectrum without causing "harmful interference" to others
- Overlays defining exclusive rights and assigned to owners (presumably via competitive bidding)

The FCC Evaluates, Top-Down

- comparing bands in the "public interest"
- crafting rules specific to each allocation
- weighing pleas from interested parties

- radio spectrum held hostage
- "command and control" reigns
- case-by-case stalls deployments



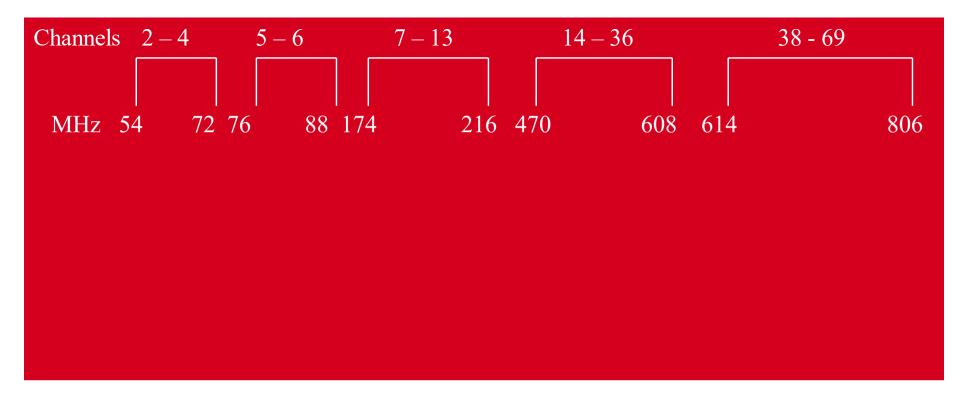
"[W]orld's leading market showcase for wireless data"

Sydney "has become the world's leading market showcase for wireless data services," says... U.S. technology research Gartner in Australia... [A] reason wireless broadband is taking off here: The government sold off radio spectrum for such services relatively cheaply. Privately held Personal Broadband snapped up its license in 2001 for only about US\$7.5 million.

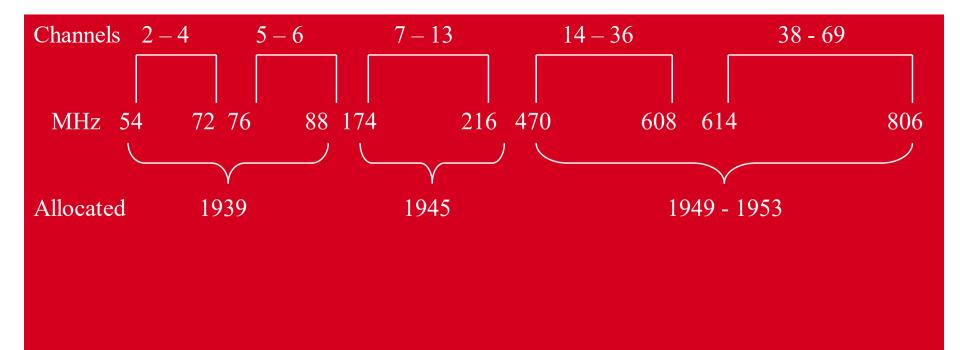
8 TV channels per market

• 67 channels set aside per market

The U.S. Broadcast TV Band



The U.S. Broadcast TV Band



DTV "Transition": Top-Down State of the Art

- ~ 8 channels of analog (≈1700 sta/210 TV mkts)
 using 402 MHz of VHF/UHF
- ~ 50 channels of digital
 - using 294 MHz of VHF/UHF
 - plus unlicensed devices performing under FCC specifications
 - and zero opportunity to transact for more efficient organization of "TV Band"

Efficient Solution

- Overlays
- PCS test drive
 - reallocation of microwave links a political obstacle
- 1996 Pressler plan
- enabling complex spectrum sharing
 - as in flexible use licensed bands
 - producing tens of billions in \$ annual consumer gains
 - leaving option to use MHz for low-power devices

Thank you.