

Broccoli, Aspabroc

Known as Broccolini[®] in the produce section of your grocery store and on restaurant menus, Aspabroc resembles a broccoli raab with an asparagus stem, and offers a mild taste. Aspabroc is easy to grow and requires little space. As first central shoot matures, harvest it quickly to encourage better side shoot production. Plants will set 3-5 side shoots shortly thereafter and continue for about four weeks in mild weather.



Broccoli, Gypsy

Gypsy is a hybrid broccoli that produces well in warmer growing zones. An excellent variety for greenhouse production. Gypsy has a strong root system and intermediate downy mildew resistance. Gypsy yields excellent, smooth, dome-shaped heads with medium-small beads.



Broccoli, Purple Magic

Broccoli Purple Magic, an F1 hybrid, is a flower, or head, vegetable with very uniform, large, nicely domed heads with bright, tight beads and beautiful purple color that extends throughout the heads, stems, and leaves, making it an attractive option for an ornamental edible garden. It's more tender than traditional green broccoli and has a sweeter flavor. Broccoli is considered a superfood for its nutrient rich content. All-America Selections (AAS) National Winner 2024.



Brussels Sprouts, Gladius

An early to mid-season variety for transplanting in May and harvest late September to mid-November. The plants are straight and sturdy and the large firm buttons are dark and smooth. Mild sweet flavor.



Cabbage, Caraflex

Cute pointed mini cabbage! Extremely uniform, small heads with good wrapper leaves. Inner leaves are tender, crunchy, and have an excellent, sweet and mild cabbage flavor. Perfect for summer salads, slaws, or cooked dishes. In the UK, they are harvested early in the season, before they have fully headed, and used as "spring greens."



Cabbage, Omero

Brilliant purple, round heads have a small core and a delicious, juicy, sweet flavor with a peppery zing. One of the most attractive red cabbages and it matures earlier than other red varieties. Good storage qualities. Heads average about 3 pounds or plant close to produce mini heads.



Cabbage, Primo Vantage

Get ready to make coleslaw! Primo Vantage delivers 4-4.5 pound heads of sweet crunchy goodness. The plants are well adapted to most areas of the country for spring or summer planting and hold well in the field or garden, giving you harvest flexibility. Heads have a short core, a fresh green color and resistance to Fusarium yellows race 1 as an added bonus. You can also plant with tighter spacing between plants in smaller areas without compromising quality.

68 days

73 days

70-75 davs

60 days

90 days

140 days

50-60 days



Cabbage, Chinese, Haku

'Haku' is a medium-sized uniform Chinese/Napa cabbage with a very cylindrical head that average 11 inches long and 5.5-6 pounds each. It is widely adapted, being popular in California, Arizona and performing well throughout the southeast and mid-Atlantic. It is able to take wide swings in temperature and still produce a good crop. It has a creamy yellow interior and medium green wrapper leaves. It has very strong bolting resistance as well as being tip burn tolerant.



Cabbage, Chinese, Merlot

Picturesque bicolored heads look just as beautiful in your garden as they do on your plate. The mosaic of deep lavender, green, and white colored leaves are striking in kimchee, stir-fries, and salads. This Napa type grows 11-12 inches and is a great fall crop as it preforms best in the gradually decreasing day length and decreasing tmperatures of late summer.



Cauliflower, Amazing

The 'Amazing' cauliflower lives up to its name! This variety will stay fresh for long periods. The terrific holding ability means you can plant all you want of this vigorous variety and will never have to worry about rushing to eat. The bright, dense finely textured heads spread 10 inches across and are protected by their self-wrapping leaves.



Cauliflower, Clementine

'Clementine' cauliflower is a vigorous and reliable plant that sets excellent crops of high-quality heads with deep orange curds. The firm curds hold their color when cooked and have a mild, sweet, nutty flavor. Eat raw, roasted, grilled, sautéed, steamed, or freeze for later use. Cauliflower is considered a superfood for its nutrient rich content. It is an excellent source of vitamin C and contains phytonutrients, including glucosinolates, carotenoids, and phenolic compounds.



Cauliflower, Graffiti

Stunning, flashy purple heads! The colorful florets are attractive served raw with dip or as a cooked vegetable. The deep purple color along with its dark green leaves makes for a striking combination. Graffiti produces a true cauliflower head on large plants. Works best for fall planting but can also be grown in spring. Color turns a blue-purple when cooked.



Collards, Top Bunch 2.0

One of the earliest to harvest collards on the market. A Georgia-type hybrid that produces tall and productive plants. Leaves are medium-green with savoy shape. Uniform shape that is great for fresh market sales.

Greens, Mizuna

Bright green, deeply serrated leaves with mildly spicy flavor; an essential in salad mixes. A mild Japanese green with slender white stems and bright green leaves. Mild in flavor, this variety is good for stir-fries, salads, sandwiches and soups. Harvest outer leaves or the whole plant at any stage.

75 days

55 days

60 days

70-75 days

50 days

18 baby / 40 full

80 days



Greens, Asian, Red Kingdom

The vibrant reddish-purple color stays all through the season suggesting that this flavorful, mild tasting green is an edible that can also be used as an ornamental in containers or in the landscape. Gardeners will appreciate how this variety does not bolt as easily as other mizunas and produces a much higher yield throughout the season, standing up to mid-season heat. All-America Selections (AAS) National Winner 2016.



Greens, Mustard, Miz America

This head-turning burgundy, mizuna-type mustard glows with its rich pigmentation at every stage of growth. Deeply lobed and serrated leaves are crunchy and mild flavored for enjoying as baby greens or fully developed leaves. The plants grow vigorously and uniformly, and the beautiful pigment never wavers.



Greens, Swiss Chard

A beautiful mix of brightly colored swiss chard. Each pot has red, white, yellow, pink and gold colored chard that would dress up any meal or add pops of color to outdoor plantings.



Pak Choi, Joi Choi

Joi Choi grows amazingly large and fast. With much darker green leaves, the stalks are also whiter, thicker, up to 11 inches long and more highly refined. Remarkably juicy, it has a pleasing mild flavor with a hint of mustard. Best sown in the spring and fall. Slow to bolt.



Pak Choi, Toy Choy

A miniature Pak Choi, little Toy Choy is the perfect single-serving vegetable, with smooth, dark green leaves and glistening crisp white stalks. The flavor is mild. Just the right size to set on your plate, this quick-maturing little wonder is a gourmet treat you can enjoy all season long. A treat that is also packed with nutrition, quick to finish, and compact enough to grow in containers as well as the vegetable garden!



Lettuce, Butterhead, Adriana

Known for its soft, tender leaves and sweet, buttery flavor. It is a smaller lettuce variety, typically weighing between 6 and 8 ounces, and has loose, ruffled leaves that form a compact head. The leaves are a vibrant green color and have a delicate texture that makes them perfect for salads or as a garnish for sandwiches and other dishes. They are also a great source of vitamins and minerals, including vitamins A and K, folate, and potassium.



Lettuce, Butterhead, Marciano

Marciano is a lovely red butterhead with deep color. It has a compact frame with good internal fill. Outer leaves are smooth, with an eye-catching deep burgundy red color, which contrasts beautifully with the fresh green interior.

50 days

50-60 days

40 days

50 days

48 days

21 baby / 40 full

28 baby / 40 full



Lettuce, Butterhead, Red Cross

This fancy bright red and green head with soft and sweet leaves really adds vibrancy to your salads. Highly resistant to heat and bolting.



Lettuce, Iceberg, Crispano

Adaptable iceberg. Medium-sized, glossy green, firm heads. More uniform and less susceptible to twisted leaves compared to most iceberg varieties. High percentage of perfect heads, even when grown in less than ideal, warm and humid conditions. White interior, juicy, and mild.



Lettuce, Romaine, Breen

True compact, red, mini romaine. Breen forms a very compact, mini head early. The short plant averages 8" tall and is very slow to become oversized. Color is a medium bronze red. Though best for mini heads, it can also be used as a medium-red baby leaf.



Lettuce, Romaine, Dragoon

Mini green romaine. Compact and uniform. Leaves are thick and have an excellent, crisp texture. Heads are very dense, hold well in the field, and can be attractively marketed with mini red romaines. Bolting and tipburn tolerant. For spring, summer, and fall.



Lettuce, Romaine, Truchas

Compact, dark red, mini romaine lettuce. Plants average 6-8" in height and fill out nicely. Looks beautiful in a salad mixed with a green and a bronze-red variety.



Kale, Black Magic

Uniform lacinato-type with striking, deep blue-green leaves and excellent flavor. Productive plants are tidy with long, upright leaves that make for easy harvest. Plants are cold and bolt resistant and produce multitudes of beautifully savoyed leaves, perfect for full-size production or whole-plant harvest.



Kale, Redbor

Deep purple-red, frilly leaves. The plants are tall, growing up to 2-3', with excellent yield and better cold hardiness. Leaves are well-curled, purple-red, and ruffled. Vigorous plants will continue growing to produce leaves for successive harvests as the lower leaves are harvested. For garnishing and eating. Flavor, color, and curling are enhanced by cold weather.

45 days

48 days

57 days

43 days

47 days

65 days

55 days



Kale, Red Russian

HEIRLOOM. This delicious grey-green kale is pretty enough to plant among the flowers. The purple colors become richer after frost, when the flavor becomes sweeter. Surprisingly, the big leaves are very tender and delicious. Garden Hints: Kale requires good cultivation; mulch or hoe frequently to keep soil loose and weed-free. Plants may be left outdoors all winter. Frost improves flavor.

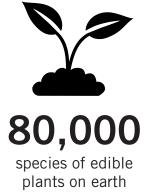


Kale, Winterbor

One of the most winter-hardy kales, 'Winterbor' has finely curled, thick, blue-green leaves. Very vigorous, it can grow up to 2 feet, developing an abundance of ruffled leaves. A magnificent early spring and late fall kale.



https://www.ecowatch.com/10-incredible-plant-facts-you-didnt-know-1881847770.html





90% of the foods humans eat

come from just 30 plants



plant species are utilized for medicine



60 days

60 days